

# HANDBALL the game



# The Basic Principles of Handball

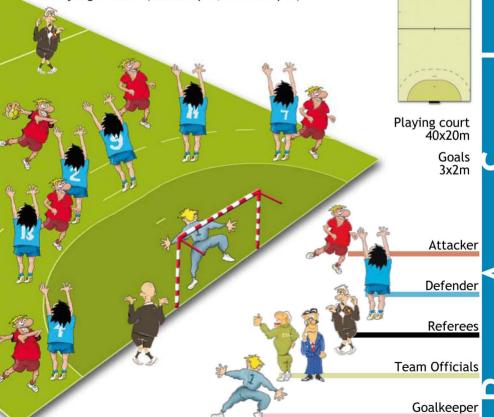
- Handball is a team sport based on "fair play" principles.
- On court there are two male or female teams playing against each other, both trying to score goals with a handball.
- The team that has scored the most goals when the playing time is over is the winner.



- Different ball sizes are used for different age groups/genders.
- The goal height is 2 metres, the goal width 3 metres.
- The playing time can be varied and is up to 2x30 minutes in official games.

# Teams/Players/Team Officials/Referees

- Each team consists of up to 14 players.
  On court a team has 6 field players and 1 goalkeeper
- Within each team the player are interchangeable during the game.
- All field players of a team wear identical, coloured uniforms.
  Goalkeepers wear uniforms that differ from those of the field players.
- Players are not permitted to wear objects that could be dangerous (watches, rings, earrings, necklaces, etc.).
- Up to 4 team officials are responsible for coaching their team.
- 2 referees officiate the game on court in cooperation with the judges' table (timekeeper, scorekeeper).



### The attacking players Throw and catch the Block or kick the ball ball using hands and using the feet arms Pass the ball to a team then 3 seconds mate Bounce the ball with one hand and catch it Dribble fault again Take a maximum of 3 steps with the ball with the ball Move outside the goal Enter the goal area areas Touch the ball in the

Free throw for the defending team Hold the ball for more Free throw for the defending team Free throw for the Bounce the ball, catch it and bounce it again = defending team Take more then 3 steps Free throw for the defending team Goalkeeper throw Goalkeeper throw Touch the ball lying inside the goal area Charge the opponent or Free throw for the

Break though the defence

air above the goal area

Charge the opponent or run into a defending player = Offensive foul

Free throw for the defending team

**CONSEQUENCES** 

Pass the ball in order to create a scoring chance

Keep the ball in the team's possession without creating a scoring chance = Passive play Free throw for the defending team



## The defending players

#### ALLOWED

Use the hands and arms to block the ball

Pull or hit the ball out of the hands of the attacking player

**CONSEQUENCES** 

Free throw for the attacking team

Make a frontal body contact with the attacking player

Hold the attacking player's body/ shirt, push run or jump into him/her

Free throw/progressive punishment

Stay outside the goal area

Use the goal area as a defence position/ prevent a clear scoring chance

7 metre throw

Stay at least 3 metres away from the attacking player when executing a throw to (re)start the game Interfere with an attacking player when executing a throw to (re)start the game

Progressive punishment

# The goalkepper

#### ALLOWED

Touch the ball with any part of the body inside the goal area

Leave the goal without the ball and play as a field player

#### NOT ALLOWED

Take the ball into the goal area from outside the 6m line

Leave the goal area with the ball

#### CONSEQUENCES

Free throw for the attacking team

Free throw for the attacking team



# "Fair play" and Officiating

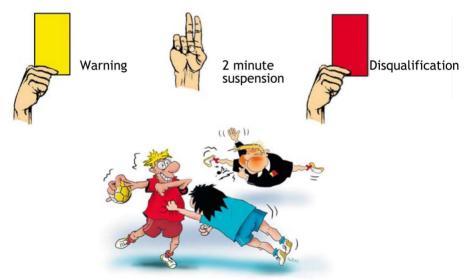
The beauty of handball is "fair play".

It is the two referees who are in charge of ending the game. Their task is to maintain the "fair play" principle.

Progressive punishment is given to the players who do not follow the rules of "fair play" or violate the rules in any other way.



# Progressive punishment



## Throw to (re)start the Game

In handball there are five different throws defined by the rules to (re)start the game, which are the throw off, free throw, goalkeeper throw, 7 metre throw and throw-in.

A 7 metre throw is given when a clear scoring chance is destroyed.

At the beginning of the first and second half time as well as after a goal has been scored a throw-off is taken.

## Referee signals





#### Free throw

A free throw is awarded either when the defending players or the team in posession of the ball commit a rule violation

#### Time-Out

The playing time is stopped when necessary.



#### Offensive foul

An offensive fould results in a free throw for the defending team.



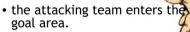
# Keep the 3m distance

While a throw is executed the opponents have to stay 3 metres away from the ball.



# Goalkeeper throw

A goalkeeper throw is awarded when



- a player of the attacking team touches the ball when its rolling or lying on the floor in the goal aera.
- the goalkeeper has controll of the ball in the goal area or when the ball has crossed the outer goal line.

# Steps

Taking more then 3 steps with the ball results in a free throw for the defending team.



### Dribble fault

A dribble fault (e.g. double bounce) results in a free throw for the defending team.



#### Throw-in

A throw-in is awarded when the ball goes outside the court.







EHF Competence Academy & Network

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Following a proposal by both the EHF Competitions Commission (CC) and the EHF Methods Commission (MC) the EHF Executive Committee approved the production of a "short rule version" of the handball rules for promotional purposes only. The work is based on the "Rules of the Game" by the International Handball Federation (IHF), for details and references please visit www.ihf.info

#### Editorial board:

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